D. CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

Evaluation policies and procedures used in the accreditation process provide a system of checks and balances regarding the fairness and impartiality in all aspects of the accreditation process. Central to the fairness of the procedural aspects of the Commission’s operations and the impartiality of its decision making process is an organizational and personal duty to avoid real or perceived conflicts of interest. The potential for a conflict of interest arises when one’s duty to make decisions in the public’s interest is compromised by competing interests of a personal or private nature, including but not limited to pecuniary interests.

Conflict of interest is considered to be: 1) any relationship with an institution or program, or 2) a partiality or bias, either of which might interfere with objectivity in the accreditation review process. Procedures for selection of representatives of the Commission who participate in the evaluation process reinforce impartiality. These representatives include: Commissioners, Review Committee members, site visitors, and Commission staff.

In addition, procedures for institutional due process, as well as strict guidelines for all written documents and accreditation decisions, further reinforce adherence to fair accreditation practices. Every effort is made to avoid conflict of interest, either from the point of view of an institution/program being reviewed or from the point of view of any person representing the Commission.

On occasion, current and former volunteers involved in the Commission’s accreditation process (site visitors, review committee members, commissioners) are requested to make presentations related to the Commission and its accreditation process at various meetings. In these cases, the volunteer must make it clear that the services are neither supported nor endorsed by the Commission on Dental Accreditation. Further, it must be made clear that the information provided is based only on experiences of the individual and not being provided on behalf of the Commission.

Revised: 8/15; 8/14; Reaffirmed: 8/23; 8/18; 2/18; 8/12, 8/10

1. Visiting Committee Members: Conflicts of interest may be identified by either an institution/program, Commissioner, site visitor or Commission staff. An institution/program has the right to reject the assignment of any Commissioner, site visitor or Commission staff because of a possible or perceived conflict of interest. The Commission expects all programs, Commissioners and/or site visitors to notify the Commission office immediately if, for any reason, there may be a conflict of interest or the appearance of such a conflict.

All active site visitors who independently consult with educational programs accredited by CODA or applying for accreditation must identify all consulting roles to the Commission and must file with the Commission a letter of conflict acknowledgement signed by themselves and the institution/program with whom they consulted. All conflict of interest policies as noted elsewhere in this document apply. Contact the CODA office for the appropriate conflict of interest declaration form. Conflicts of interest include, but are not limited to, a site visitor who:

- is a graduate of a program at the institution;
• has served on the program’s visiting committee within the last seven (7) years;
• has served as an independent consultant, employee or appointee of the institution;
• has a family member who is employed or affiliated with the institution;
• has a close professional or personal relationship with the institution/program or key personnel in the institution/program which would, from the standpoint of a reasonable person, create the appearance of a conflict;
• manifests a partiality that prevents objective consideration of a program for accreditation;
• is a former employee of the institution or program;
• previously applied for a position at the institution within the last five (5) years;
• is affiliated with an institution/program in the same state as the program’s primary location;
• is a resident of the state; and/or
• is in the process of considering, interviewing and/or hiring key personnel at the institution.

Note: Because of the nature of their positions, a state board representative will be a resident of the state in which a program is located and may be a graduate of the institution/program being visited. These components of the policy do not apply for state board representatives, although the program retains the right to reject an individual’s assignment for other reasons.

If an institutional administrator, faculty member or site visitor has doubt as to whether or not a conflict of interest could exist, Commission staff should be consulted prior to the site visit. The Chair, Vice-Chair and a public member of the Commission, in consultation with Commission staff and legal counsel, may make a final determination about such conflicts.

Revised: 2/24; 2/21; 8/18; 2/18; 2/16; 8/14; 1/14; 2/13; 8/10; Reaffirmed: 8/23; 8/12

2. Commissioners, Review Committee Members And Members Of The Appeal Board: The Commission firmly believes that conflict of interest or the appearance of a conflict of interest must be avoided in all situations in which accreditation recommendations or decisions are being made by Commissioners, Review Committee members, or members of the Appeal Board. No Commissioner, Review Committee member, or member of the Appeal Board should participate in any way in accrediting decisions in which he or she has a financial or personal interest or, because of an institutional or program association, has divided loyalties and/or has a conflict of interest on the outcome of the decision.

During the term of service as a Review Committee member, these individuals should not serve as site visitors for an actual accreditation site visit to an accredited or developing program, unless deemed necessary. Two instances when a review committee member could serve on a site visit include: 1) an inability to find a site visitor from the comprehensive site visitor list, or 2) when the review committee believes a member should attend a visit for consistency in the review process. This applies only to site visits that would be considered by the same review committee on which the site visitor is serving. Review committee members may not independently consult with a CODA-accredited program or a program applying for CODA accreditation. In addition, review committee members may not serve as a site visitor for mock accreditation purposes. These policies help avoid conflict of interest in the decision making process and minimize the need for recusals.

During the term of service as a commissioner or appeal board member, these individuals may not independently consult with a CODA-accredited program or a program applying for CODA accreditation. In addition, Commissioners or appeal board may not serve on a site visit team during their terms. Areas of conflict of interest for Commissioners, Review Committee members and/or members of the Appeal Board include, but are not limited to:

• close professional or personal relationships or affiliation with the institution/program or key personnel in
the institution/program which may create the appearance of a conflict;
• serving as an independent consultant or mock site visitor to the institution/program;
• being a graduate of the institution/program;
• being a current employee or appointee of the institution/program;
• previously applied for a position at the institution within the last five (5) years;
• being a current student at the institution/program;
• having a family member who is employed by or affiliated with the institution;
• manifesting a professional or personal interest at odds with the institution or program;
• key personnel of the institution/program having graduated from the program of the Commissioner, Review Committee member, or member of the Appeal Board;
• having served on the program’s visiting committee within the last seven (7) years; and/or
• no longer a current employee of the institution or program but having been employed there within the past ten (10) years.

To safeguard the objectivity of the Review Committees, conflict of interest determinations shall be made by the Chair of the Review Committee. If the Chair, in consultation with a public member, staff and legal counsel, determines that a Review Committee member has a conflict of interest in connection with a particular program, the Review Committee member will be instructed not to access the report either in advance of or at the time of the meeting. Further, the individual must leave the room when they have any of the above conflicts. In cases in which the existence of a conflict of interest is less obvious, it is the responsibility of any committee member who feels that a potential conflict of interest exists to absent himself/herself from the room during the discussion of the particular accreditation report.

To safeguard the objectivity of the Commission, conflict of interest determinations shall be made by the Chair of the Commission. If the Chair, in consultation with a public member, staff and legal counsel, determines that a Commissioner has a conflict of interest in connection with a particular program, the Commissioner will be instructed not to access the report either in advance of or at the time of the meeting. Further, the individual must leave the room when they have any of the above conflicts. In cases in which the existence of a conflict of interest is less obvious, it is the responsibility of any Commissioner who feels that a potential conflict of interest exists to absent himself/herself from the room during the discussion of the particular accreditation report.

To safeguard the objectivity of the Appeal Board, any member who has a conflict of interest in connection with a program filing an appeal must inform the Director of the Commission. The Appeal Board member will be instructed not to access the report for that program either in advance of or at the time of the meeting, and the individual must leave the room when the program is being discussed. If necessary, the respective representative organization will be contacted to identify a temporary replacement Appeal Board member.

Conflicts of interest for Commissioners, Review Committee members and members of the Appeal Board may also include being from the same state, but not the same program. The Commission is aware that being from the same state may not itself be a conflict; however, when residence within the same state is in addition to any of the items listed above, a conflict would exist.

This provision refers to the concept of conflict of interest in the context of accreditation decisions. The prohibitions and limitations are not intended to exclude participation and decision-making in other areas, such as policy development and standard setting.

Commissioners are expected to evaluate each accreditation action, policy decision or standard adoption
for the overall good of the public. The American Dental Association (ADA) Constitution and Bylaws limits the involvement of the members of the ADA, the American Dental Education Association and the American Association of Dental Boards in areas beyond the organization that appointed them. Although Commissioners are appointed by designated communities of interest, their duty of loyalty is first and foremost to the Commission. A conflict of interest exists when a Commissioner holds appointment as an officer in another organization within the Commission’s communities of interest. Therefore, a conflict of interest exists when a Commissioner or a Commissioner-designee provides simultaneous service to the Commission and an organization within the communities of interest. (Refer to Policy on Simultaneous Service)

Revised: 2/21; 8/16; 2/16; 2/15; 8/14; 1/14, 8/10; Reaffirmed: 8/23; 8/18; 8/12

3. Commission Staff Members: Although Commission on Dental Accreditation staff does not participate directly in decisions by volunteers regarding accreditation, they are in a position to influence the outcomes of the process. On the other hand, staff provides equity and consistency among site visits and guidance interpreting the Commission’s policies and procedures.

For these reasons, Commission staff adheres to the guidelines for site visitors, within the time limitations listed and with the exception of the state residency, including:

• graduation from a dental program at the institution within the last five (5) years;
• service as a site visitor, employee or appointee of the institution within the last five (5) years; and/or
• close personal or familial relationships with key personnel in the institution/program which would, from the standpoint of a reasonable person, create the appearance of a conflict.

Revised: 2/24; 8/14; 8/10, 7/09, 7/07, 7/00, 7/96, 1/95, 12/92; Reaffirmed: 8/23; 8/18; 8/12, 1/03; Adopted: 1982

J. PROGRAM FEE POLICY

Programs accredited by the Commission pay an annual fee. The annual fee is doubled in the year of the program’s regular interval accreditation site visit. As there is some variation in fees for different disciplines based on actual accreditation costs, programs should contact the Commission office for specific information. Other than doubling of the annual fee during the site visit year, site visits are conducted without any additional charge to the institution and the Commission assumes all expenses incurred by its site visitors. However, accredited programs with multiple sites which must be site visited during a regular site visit and programs sponsored by the U.S. military in international locations are assessed a fee at the time of the site visit. The fee is established on a case-by-case basis, dependent upon the specific requirements to conduct the visit (e.g. additional site visitors, additional days, and additional travel time and expenses), which will result in a flat fee of $750 per site visitor for each additional day. Fees are also assessed to the program for the conduct of special focused site visits. (See Invoicing Process for Special Focused Site Visits in Policy on Special Site Visits). International dental education programs also pay an annual fee and site visit fees (See International Dental Education Site Visits). Expenses for representatives from the state board of dentistry or from other agencies, such as a regional accrediting agency, are not assumed by the Commission. Fee structures are evaluated annually by the Commission. The Commission office should be contacted for current information on fees.

An annual administrative fee is also applied to each program. Fees may also be associated with staff consulting services (See Staff Consulting Services, and International Policies and Procedures) administrative fees related to the Commission policy on protected health information and personally identifiable information (See Policy and Procedures Related to Compliance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act).
All institutions offering programs accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation are expected to adhere to the due date for payment of all fees for each accredited program sponsored by the institution. Written requests for an extension must specify a payment date no later than thirty (30) days beyond the initial due date. Failure to pay fees by the designated deadline is viewed as an institutional decision to no longer participate in the Commission’s accreditation program. Following appropriate reminder notice(s), if payment or a request for extension is not received, it will be assumed that the institution no longer wishes to participate in the accreditation program. In this event, the Commission will immediately notify the chief executive officer of the institution of its intent to withdraw the accreditation of the program(s) at its next scheduled meeting. Programs which have been discontinued or had accreditation withdrawn will not be issued a refund of accreditation fees.

Revised: 2/24; 1/20; 2/19; 2/15; 8/14; 8/13; 7/08; Reaffirmed: 8/23; 8/18; 8/13; 8/10, 7/07, 7/01, 7/95

**Invoicing Process for Special Focused Site Visits**

In advance of the special focused site visit, the program must remit payment for the Administrative Fee ($5,000) plus $1,500 per site visitor/staff attending visits up to two (2) days in length. Site visits that are three (3) or more days will be billed an additional $500 $750 per site visitor/staff for each additional day; further, if additional airfare or transportation expenses are incurred, these will be assessed to the program. Failure to submit the special focused site visit fee in advance of the visit may result in a delay of the visit and additional rescheduling cost to the program, and may impact the program’s accreditation status. See Program Fee Policy.

Revised: 2/24; 2/22; 1/20; 8/19; 2/19; 2/18; 2/17; 8/16; 2/16; 8/14; 8/13; 1/00, 1/99, 1/98; Reaffirmed: 8/13; 8/10, 7/06; Adopted: 7/96

7. **Role Of Observers On A Site Visit:** Commissioners, Review Committee members, and public members of the Commission or Review Committees that have not participated as a site visitor are encouraged to participate on site visits as observers in order to become familiar with the accreditation process. The observer must not have a conflict of interest with the institution. This individual must be approved to participate in the site visit by the institution, receives all self-study materials from the institution and background information from the Commission prior to the site visit. This individual participates during all site visit conferences and executive sessions as a non-voting member of the site visit committee. As a participant of the site visit, it is expected that this individual will remain with the designated site visit team members at all times during the visit. The chairperson of the site visit committee has the right to excuse and/or exclude the observer from any or all aspects of the site visit for improper and/or unprofessional behavior.

Reaffirmed: 8/19; Adopted: 8/10

K. **POLICY ON SILENT OBSERVERS ON SITE VISITS**

In order to facilitate a better understanding of the accreditation and site visit processes, any dental education program scheduled for a site visit of its program, may request the opportunity to send one administrator or faculty member as a silent observer to a Commission site visit. Representatives of international programs may also participate as a silent observer on a Commission site visit. The silent observer visit will be scheduled one to two years before the scheduled site visit of the observer’s program. The program being observed has the right to approve the designated observer. Requests for a faculty member or administrator to observe the site visit of another program are managed according to when the observer’s site visit is scheduled. Requests for the opportunity to have a faculty member or administrator observe a site visit are made through a letter from the chief administrative officer (dean, chair, chief of dental service) of the program. While the observer may request to observe a specific site visit,
Commission staff will make the final determination based upon the site visit schedule and availability of observation opportunities. Generally, a program is provided one opportunity to send an observer to a site visit. The observer’s program pays all expenses for such an observer.

The observer receives all self-study materials and is allowed to observe all interviews and meetings, but does not attend the briefing at the end of each day. The observer must remain silent during all sessions where university and/or program officials, faculty, staff or students are present at the site visit. The observer is encouraged to ask questions of the visiting committee during executive session meetings only but does not participate in decision-making discussions. As an observer of the site visit, it is expected that this individual will remain with the designated site visit team members at all times during the visit.

All observers must sign the Commission’s Agreement of Confidentiality prior to the site visit. The chair of the site visit committee has the right to excuse and/or exclude the observer from any or all aspects of the site visit for improper and/or unprofessional behavior. The chair’s decision to remove or exclude an observer from the site visit cannot be appealed.

A representative of the state dental society may attend a comprehensive dental school site visit as a silent observer, if requested by the society and approved by the institution.

Revised: 2/24; 2/16; 8/14; 8/13; 2/13, 07/98:2, 01/94:2, 05/93:1-2, 12/92:3; Reaffirmed: 8/19; 8/10, 7/07, 7/01

L. POLICY ON STATE BOARD PARTICIPATION DURING SITE VISITS

It is the policy of the Commission on Dental Accreditation that the state board of dentistry is notified when an accreditation visit will be conducted in its jurisdiction. The Commission believes that state boards of dentistry have a legitimate interest in the accreditation process and, therefore, strongly urges institutions to invite a current member of the state board of dentistry to participate in Commission site visits. The Commission also encourages state boards of dentistry to accept invitations to participate in the site visit process.

If a state has a separate dental hygiene examining board, that board will be contacted when a dental hygiene program located in that state is site visited. In addition, the dental examining board for that state will be notified.

The following procedures are used in implementing this policy:
1. Correspondence will be directed to an institution notifying it of a pending accreditation visit and will include a copy of Commission policy on state board participation. The institution is urged to invite the state board to send a current member. The Commission copies the state board on this correspondence.
2. The institution notifies the Commission of its decision to invite/not invite a current member of the state board. If a current member of the state board is to be present, s/he will receive the same background information as other team members.
3. If it is the decision of the institution to invite a member of the state board, Commission staff will contact the state board and request the names of at least two of its current members to be representatives to the Commission.
4. The Commission provides the names of the two state board members, to the institution. The institution will be able to choose one of the state board members. If any board member is unacceptable to the institution, the Commission must be informed in writing.
5. The state board member, if authorized to participate in the site visit by the institution, receives the self-study document from the institution and background information from the Commission prior to the site visit.
6. The state board member must participate in all days of the site visit, including all site visit conferences and executive sessions.

7. The state board member serves as a silent observer in all sessions except executive sessions with the site visit team.

7. In the event the chair of the site visit committee determines that a vote is necessary to make a recommendation to the Commission, only team members representing the Commission will be allowed to vote.

8. The state board reimburses its member for expenses incurred during the site visit.

The following statement was developed to assist state board members by clearly indicating their role while on-site with an accreditation team and what they may and may not report following a site visit. The statement is used on dental education, advanced dental education and allied dental education site visits. The state board member participates in an accreditation site visit in order to develop a better understanding of the accreditation site visit process and its role in ensuring the competence of graduates for the protection of the public. The dental, advanced dental and allied dental education programs are evaluated utilizing the Commission’s approved accreditation standards for each respective discipline.

The state board member is expected to be in attendance for the entire site visit, including all scheduled conferences and during executive sessions of the visiting committee. While on site the state board member:

- provides assistance in interpreting the state’s dental practice act and/or provides background on other issues related to dental practice and licensure within the state.
- on allied dental education visits: assists the team in assessing the practice needs of employer-dentists in the community and in reviewing those aspects of the program which may involve the delegation of expanded functions.
- on dental school visits: functions primarily as a clinical site visitor working closely with the clinical specialist member(s) who evaluate the adequacy of the preclinical and clinical program(s) and the clinical competency of students.

Following the site visit, state board members may be asked to provide either a written or oral report to their boards. Questions frequently arise regarding what information can be included in those reports while honoring the Agreement of Confidentiality that was signed before the site visit. The following are some general guidelines:

**What You May Share:**
- Information about the Commission’s accreditation standards, process and policies.

**What You May Not Share:**
- The school’s self-study;
- Previous site visit reports and correspondence provided to you as background information;
- Information revealed by faculty or students/residents during interviews and conferences;
- The verbal or written findings and recommendations of the visiting committee; and
- Any other information provided in confidence during the conduct of an accreditation visit.

The Commission staff is available to answer any questions you may have before, during or after a site visit. Revised: 2/24, 7/09, 1/00; Reaffirmed: 8/19; 8/10, 7/07, 7/04, 7/01, 12/82, 5/81, 12/78, 12/75; Adopted: 8/86
E. POLICY ON PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION OF DOCUMENTS TO THE COMMISSION

All institutions offering programs accredited by the Commission are expected to prepare documents that adhere to guidelines set forth by the Commission on Dental Accreditation, including required verification signatures by the institution’s chief executive officer, the institution’s chief academic officer, and program director. These documents may include, but are not limited to, self-study, responses to site visit/progress reports, initial accreditation applications, reports of program change, and transfer of sponsorship and exhibits. The Commission’s various guidelines for preparing and submitting documents, including electronic submission, can be found on the Commission’s website or obtained from the Commission staff.

In addition, all institutions must meet established deadlines for submission of requested information. Any information that does not meet the preparation or submission guidelines or is received after the prescribed deadlines may be returned to the program, which could affect the accreditation status of the program.

Electronic Submission of Accreditation Materials: All institutions will provide the Commission with an electronic copy of all accreditation documents and related materials, which conform to the Commission’s Electronic Submission Guidelines. Electronic submission guidelines can be found on the Commission’s website or obtained from the Commission staff. Accreditation documents and related materials must be complete and comprehensive.

Documents that fail to adhere to the stated Guidelines for submission will not be accepted and the program will be contacted to submit a corrected document. In this case, documents may not be reviewed at the assigned time which may impact the program’s accreditation status.

Compliance with Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA). HIPAA is the federal law that governs how “Covered Entities” handle the privacy and security of patients’ protected health information (PHI). HIPAA Covered Entities include health care providers that send certain information electronically as well as certain health plans and clearinghouses. The Commission may be deemed a “Business Associate” of institutions that are HIPAA Covered Entities. A Business Associate is an individual or entity other than a workforce member of the Covered Entity, that performs a function or activity on behalf of a HIPAA Covered Entity that involves creating, receiving, maintaining, or transmitting protected health information, involving the use or disclosure of individually identifiable health information. Business Associates must comply with certain provisions of the HIPAA Security, Privacy and Breach Notification Rules and implement training programs. The Commission “HIPAA Policy and Procedure Manual” is updated periodically. All Commission site visitors, Review Committee members, Commissioners, and staff are required to complete a CODA HIPAA training exercise on a yearly basis.

The program’s documentation for CODA must not contain any patient protected health information (PHI) or sensitive personally identifiable information (SPII). If the program submits documentation that does not comply with the policy on PHI or SPII, CODA will assess an administrative processing fee of $4,000 per program submission to the institution; a program’s resubmission that continues to contain PHI or SPII will be assessed an additional $4,000 administrative processing fee.

Revised: 2/24; 8/23; 8/20; Adopted 1/20 (Formerly Policy on Electronic Submission of Accreditation Materials, Commission Policy and Procedure Related to Compliance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act [HIPAA] and Policy on Preparation and Submission of Reports to the Commission)
L. POLICY ON ENROLLMENT INCREASES IN ADVANCED DENTAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

An advanced dental education program considering or planning an enrollment increase, or any other substantive change, should notify the Commission early in the program’s planning. Such notification will provide an opportunity for the program to seek consultation from Commission staff regarding the potential effect of the proposed change on the accreditation status and the procedures to be followed.

The following advanced dental education disciplines have authorized total complement enrollment: dental public health, endodontics, oral and maxillofacial pathology, oral and maxillofacial radiology, oral and maxillofacial surgery (per year enrollment is authorized), orthodontics and dentofacial orthopedics, pediatric dentistry, periodontics, and prosthodontics. Programs with authorized enrollment must use the discipline-specific Guidelines to request and obtain approval for an increase in enrollment prior to implementing the increase.

Programs may, from time to time, require a temporary, one-time only increase in enrollment to permit a student/resident/fellow to complete a program, which was extended beyond the program’s regular completion date. A program must use the discipline-specific Guidelines to request a temporary, one-time only increase in enrollment prior to implementing the increase. Upon submission of the program change report, a temporary, one-time only increase in program enrollment of up to a maximum of six (6) months may be reviewed and approved by the Review Committee Chair, if the program provides evidence of sufficient resources and procedures to support the temporary increase. If the temporary, one-time only increase in enrollment may not be adequately supported, as determined by preliminary review by the discipline-specific Review Committee Chair, prior approval by CODA will be required and the report will be considered at the next regularly scheduled Commission meeting.

Programs are reminded that resources must be maintained even when the full complement of students/residents/fellows is not enrolled in the program.

The following advanced dental education disciplines do not have authorized enrollment: advanced education in general dentistry, general practice residency, dental anesthesiology, oral medicine, and orofacial pain. However, approval of an increase in enrollment in these advanced dental education programs must be reported to the Commission if the program’s total enrollment increases beyond the enrollment at the last site visit or prior approval of enrollment increase. Programs must use the discipline-specific Guidelines to request an increase in enrollment prior to implementing the increase. Upon submission of the program change report, a substantial increase in program enrollment as determined by preliminary review by the discipline-specific Review Committee Chair, will require prior approval by CODA.

A request for an increase in enrollment with all supporting documentation must be submitted in writing to the Commission by May 1 or November 1. A program must receive Commission approval for an increase in enrollment prior to publishing or announcing the additional positions or accepting additional students/residents. Failure to comply with this policy will jeopardize the program’s accreditation status, up to and including withdrawal of accreditation.

Requests for retroactive permanent increases in enrollment will not be considered. The Commission may consider retroactive temporary enrollment increases due to special circumstances on a case-by-case basis, including, but not limited to:

- Student/Resident extending program length due to illness, parental leave, incomplete projects/clinical assignments, or concurrent enrollment in another program;
- Unexpected loss of an enrollee and need to maintain balance of manpower needs;

The following advanced dental education disciplines do not have authorized enrollment:

- General dentistry
- General practice residency
- Dental anesthesiology
- Oral medicine
- Orofacial pain
• Urgent manpower needs demanded by U.S. armed forces; and
• Natural disasters.

If a program has enrolled beyond the approved number of students/residents without prior approval by the Commission, the Commission may or may not retroactively approve the enrollment increase without a special focused site visit at the program’s expense.

If the focused visit determines that the program does not have the resources to support the additional student(s)/resident(s), the program will be placed on “intent to withdraw” status and no additional student(s)/resident(s) beyond the previously approved number may be admitted to the program until the deficiencies have been rectified and approved by the Commission. Student(s)/Resident(s) who have already been formally accepted or enrolled in the program will be allowed to continue.

Revised: 2/24; 1/20; 8/19; Reaffirmed: 8/20; 8/15; Adopted: 08/14

M. GUIDELINES FOR REQUESTING AN INCREASE IN ENROLLMENT IN A PREDOCTORAL DENTAL EDUCATION PROGRAM

Guidelines for requesting an increase in enrollment in a predoctoral dental education program complement the Commission’s Policy on Reporting Program Change and are available upon request from the Commission Office. These Guidelines focus upon the adequacy of programmatic resources in support of additional student enrollees. Enrollment increases are tracked to ensure over time total enrollment does not exceed the resources of the program.

A program considering or planning an enrollment increase, or any other substantive change, should notify the Commission early in the program’s planning. Programs are reminded that resources must be maintained even when the full complement of students is not enrolled in the program.

Approval of an increase in enrollment in predoctoral dental education programs must be reported to the Commission if the program’s total enrollment increases beyond the enrollment at the last site visit or prior approval of enrollment increase. Upon submission of the enrollment increase report, a substantial increase in program enrollment as determined by preliminary review by the discipline-specific Review Committee Chair will require prior approval by CODA. Programs should be cognizant of the impending need for enrollment increases through short- and long-term planning and proactively request permission for the increase. The Commission will not consider retroactive permanent requests, nor will it consider inter-cycle requests unless there are documented extenuating circumstances.

Revised 2/24; 8/23; 2/22; 8/20; 1/20; 8/18; 8/16; 2/16; 8/15; 8/10; Reaffirmed: 7/07; CODA: 08/03:22

S. POLICY STATEMENT ON REPORTING AND APPROVAL OF SITES WHERE EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITY OCCURS

The Commission on Dental Accreditation recognizes that students/residents may gain educational experiences in a variety of settings and locations.

An accredited program may use one or more than one setting or location to support student/resident learning and meet Commission on Dental Accreditation standards and/or program requirements. The Commission expects programs to follow the EOPP guidelines and accreditation standards when developing, implementing and monitoring activity sites used to provide educational experiences.
**Reporting Requirements:**

The Commission on Dental Accreditation must be informed when a program accredited by the Commission plans to initiate educational experiences in new settings and locations. Off-Campus training sites that are owned by the sponsoring institution or where the sponsoring organization has legal responsibility and operational oversight do not need prior approval before utilization but must be reported to the Commission in accordance with the Policy on Reporting Program Changes in Accredited Programs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reporting Requirements for Off-Campus Sites</th>
<th>Major Activity Sites</th>
<th>Minor Activity Sites</th>
<th>Supplemental Activity Sites*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Definitions</td>
<td>Students/Residents <strong>required</strong> to complete an experience at this site to meet a program requirements or accreditation standards, and Competency assessments or comparable summative assessments performed at the site</td>
<td>Students/Residents <strong>required</strong> to complete an experience at this or another site to meet a program requirements or accreditation standards, and No competency assessments or comparable summative assessments performed at the site. Evaluation may occur.</td>
<td>Student/Resident chooses whether to visit the site outside of the educational program (e.g. volunteer mission trips, health fair, etc. not used to fulfill program or accreditation requirements).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Report Requirement</td>
<td>Report required by <strong>May 1 or November 1</strong></td>
<td>Report required at least 30 days prior to planned implementation of educational activity site.</td>
<td>No report required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acknowledgement/Approval</td>
<td>Commission approval required prior to implementation of the educational activity site. Approval of the major activity sites required prior to recruiting students/residents for the site and initiating use of the site.</td>
<td>Commission acknowledgement of review at the program’s next site visit.</td>
<td>No approval required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site Visit(s) to Educational Activity Site</td>
<td>Commission may direct special focused site visit to review educational activity site prior to or after approval of the site. Commission may review site at future site visits.</td>
<td>Commission may visit educational activity site during program’s next site visit.</td>
<td>No site visit required.</td>
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*Sites used for community service and service learning are exempt.
The Commission must ensure that the necessary education as defined by the standards is available, and appropriate resources (adequate faculty and staff, availability of patient experiences, and distance learning provisions) are provided to all students/residents enrolled in an accredited program. Generally, only programs without reporting requirements will be approved to initiate educational experiences at major activity sites.

When the Commission has received notification that an institution plans to offer its accredited program at an off-campus educational activity site, the Commission may conduct a special focused site visit to each educational activity site where each student’s/resident’s educational experience is provided, based on the specifics of the program, the accreditation standards, and Commission policies and procedures, or if other cause exists for such a visit as determined by the Commission. There may be extenuating circumstances when a special review is necessary.

The program must report the rationale for adding an educational activity site and how that site affects the program’s goals, objectives, and outcomes. For example, program goals, objectives, and outcome measures may address institutional support, faculty support, curriculum, student didactic and clinical learning, research, and community service. The program must support the addition of an educational activity site with trends from pertinent areas of its outcomes assessment program that indicates the rationale for the additional site.

When conducting a review of the program, the Commission’s site visit team will identify the sites to be visited based upon educational experiences at the site (for example based upon length of training at the site, educational experience or evaluation/competencies achieved). After the initial visit or review, each educational activity site may be visited during the regularly scheduled CODA evaluation visit to the program.

**Discipline-specific Exemptions:**
The Commission recognizes that dental assisting and dental laboratory technology programs utilize numerous extramural private dental offices and laboratories to provide students with clinical/laboratory work experience. The program will provide a list of all currently used extramural sites in the self-study document. The Commission will then randomly select and visit facilities at the time of a site visit to the program. Prior Commission approval of these extramural dental office and laboratory sites will not be required.

The Commission recognizes that dental public health programs utilize numerous off-campus sites to provide students/residents with opportunities to conduct their supervised field experience. The program will provide a list of all currently used sites in the self-study document. The visiting committee will select and visit facilities during the site visit to the program to evaluate compliance with CODA accreditation standards. Prior Commission approval of these supervised field experience sites will not be required. Programs where 30% or more of the overall student/resident training occurs at off-campus site(s) must report the off-campus site(s) under the Commissions Policy Statement on Approval of Sites Where Educational Activity Occurs.

The Commission recognizes that advanced dental education programs in dental anesthesiology utilize numerous mobile ambulatory settings and rotations to provide residents with opportunities to gain required clinical experiences. The program will provide a list of all currently used settings and rotations in the self-study document. The visiting committee will randomly select and visit several settings and rotation locations during the site visit to the program to evaluate compliance with Commission on Dental Accreditation standards. Prior Commission approval of these settings and rotations will not be required.

For predoctoral dental education programs, when primary program faculty travel with student(s) to a site and competency is assessed, the site may be treated as a minor site for reporting purposes.
The use of service-learning/community-service sites are exempt from reporting.

Expansion of a developing dental hygiene program and/or current or developing dental assisting program will only be considered after the program has demonstrated success by graduating the first class, measured outcomes of the academic program, and received approval without reporting requirements.

Fees Related to the Use of Educational Activity Sites:
All programs accredited by the Commission pay an annual fee. Additional fees will be based on actual accreditation costs incurred during the visit to and educational activity site. The Commission office should be contacted for current information on fees.

Commission on Dental Accreditation Consideration of Educational Activity Sites:
The Commission uses the following process when considering reports for adding educational activity sites. Program administrators have the option of consulting with Commission staff at any time during this process.

1. Depending upon the type of educational activity site established, a program administrator submits either:
   (1) the major educational activity site report by May 1 or November 1 or (2) the minor educational activity site report at least thirty (30) days prior to planned implementation of educational activity site.

2. Commission staff reviews the report to assess its completeness and to determine whether the change could impact the program’s potential ability to comply with the accreditation standards. If this is the case, whether the site is major or minor, the report is reviewed by the appropriate Review Committee for the discipline and by the Commission.

3. Receipt of the educational activity site report and accompanying documentation is acknowledged in one of the following ways:
   a. The program administrator is informed that the report will be reviewed by the appropriate Review Committee and by the Commission at their next regularly scheduled meeting. Additional information may be requested prior to this review if the change is not well-documented; or
   b. The program administrator is informed that the reported change will be reviewed during the next site visit.

4. If the report will be considered by a Review Committee and by the Commission, the report is added to the appropriate agendas. The program administrator receives notice of the results of the Commission’s review.

The following alternatives may be recommended by Review Committees and/or be taken by the Commission in relation to the review of reports of addition of educational activity sites received from accredited educational programs.

- **Approve the addition of the educational activity site:** If the Review Committees or Commission does not identify any concerns regarding the program’s continued compliance with the accreditation standards, the transmittal letter should advise the institution that the change has been noted and will be reviewed at the next regularly-scheduled site visit to the program.

- **Approve the addition of the educational activity site and request additional information:** If the Review Committees or Commission does not identify any concerns regarding the program’s compliance with the accreditation standards, but believes follow up reporting is required to ensure continued compliance with accreditation standards, additional information will be requested for review by the Commission. Additional information could occur through a supplemental report or a focused site visit. Use of the educational site is permitted.

- **Postpone action and continue the program’s accreditation status, but request additional information:** The transmittal letter will inform the institution that the report of the addition of the educational
activity site has been considered, but that concerns regarding continued compliance with the accreditation standards have been identified. Additional specific information regarding the identified concerns will be requested for review by the Commission. The institution will be further advised that, if the additional information submitted does not satisfy the Commission regarding the identified concerns, the Commission reserves the right to request additional documentation, conduct a special focused site visit of the program, or deny the request. Use of the educational activity site is not permitted until Commission approval is granted.

- **Deny the request:** If the submitted information does not indicate that the program will continue to comply with the accreditation standards, the Commission will deny the request for the addition of educational activity sites. The institutions will be advised that they may re-submit the request with additional information if they choose.

Revised: 2/24; 2/22; 8/18; 8/17; Reaffirmed: 8/20; Adopted: 2/16 (Former Off-Campus Policy)

**G. FUNCTION AND PROCEDURES OF THE APPEAL BOARD**

The principal function of the Appeal Board is to determine whether the Commission on Dental Accreditation, in arriving at a decision regarding the withdrawal or denial of accreditation for a given program, has properly applied the facts presented to it. In addition, the Commission’s Rules stipulate that the Appeal Board shall provide the educational program filing the appeal the opportunity to be represented by legal counsel and shall give the program the opportunity to offer evidence and argument in writing and/or orally to try to refute or overcome the findings and decision of the Commission.

Reaffirmed: 8/21; 8/16; 8/10

1. **Appeal Board:** The four (4) permanent members of the Appeal Board include: one (1) representative selected by the American Dental Association, one (1) representative selected by the American Association of Dental Boards, one (1) representative selected by the American Dental Education Association and one (1) consumer representative selected by the Commission on Dental Accreditation. Representatives from allied or advanced dental education areas would also be included on the Appeal Board, depending on the nature of the appeal. Appeal Board members do not concurrently serve on the Commission. (See Rules of the Commission, Article III, Section 2. Appeal Board Composition, p. 5)

The Appeal Board is an autonomous body, separate from the Commission. Costs related to appeal procedures will be underwritten, whenever possible, by the institution and the Commission on an equally shared cost basis.

Revised: 8/18; 8/16; Reaffirmed: 8/21; 8/10

2. **Selection Criteria For Appeal Board Members:** The Appeal Board Member shall not be:
   - a current member of a dental or allied dental faculty*;
   - an employee, member of the governing board, owner, shareholder of, or independent consultant to, a program that either is accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation, has applied for initial accreditation, or is not-accredited*; and
   - spouse/partner, parent, child, or sibling of an individual identified above;
   - current member of the Commission; and/or
   - an individual who has participated in any step of the process leading up to the decision that is being appealed (e.g. member of the visiting committee, member of Review Committee, etc.).

In addition to the criteria noted above, the public/consumer member of the Appeal Board shall not be:
   - a dentist or member of an allied dental discipline,
• a member or employee of any professional/trade association, licensing/regulatory agency or membership organization related to, affiliated with or associated with the Commission, dental education or dentistry, or
• spouse/partner, parent, child, or sibling of an individual identified above.

The Appeal Board Member shall:
• be willing to participate as a member of the appellate body should it be convened; and
• be willing to comply with all Commission policies and procedures (e.g., Agreement of Confidentiality; Conflict of Interest Policy; and Professional Conduct Policy and Prohibition Against Harassment).

In the absence of a public member on the Appeal Board, a public member from a review committee not involved in the discipline-specific appeal may be temporarily appointed to the Appeal Board.

*Discipline-specific representatives from allied or advanced dental education areas and the ADEA representative can be a program director, faculty member or practitioner.

Revised: 2/24; 4/22; 8/18; 2/16; 8/14; 2/13; Reaffirmed: 8/21; 8/16; 8/10

3. Appeal Procedures: If a program has been denied accreditation or if its accreditation has been withdrawn, the following appeal procedures are followed:

1. Within fourteen (14) days after the institution’s receipt of notification of the Commission on Dental Accreditation’s decision to deny or withdraw accreditation, the program may file a written request of appeal to the Director of the Commission. If a request of appeal is not made, the Commission’s proposed decision will automatically become final and the appropriate announcement will be made.

2. If a request of appeal is received, the Director of the Commission shall acknowledge receipt of the request and notify the program of the date of the appeal hearing. The appeal date shall be within sixty (60) days after the appeal has been filed.

3. The program filing the appeal may be represented by legal counsel in addition to the program administrator and other program representatives and shall be given the opportunity at such hearing to offer evidence and argument in writing or orally or both tending to refute or overcome the findings and decision of the Board of Commissioners. The educational program need not appear in person or by its representative at the appellate hearing.

4. Legal counsel of the American Dental Association will be available to members of the Appeal Board upon request.

5. No new information regarding correction of the deficiencies may be presented with the exception of review of new financial information if all of the following conditions are met: (i) The financial information was unavailable to the institution or program until after the decision subject to appeal was made. (ii) The financial information is significant and bears materially on the financial deficiencies identified by the Commission. The criteria of significance and materiality are determined by the Commission. (iii) The only remaining deficiency cited by the Commission in support of a final adverse action decision is the institution’s or program’s failure to meet the Commission’s standard pertaining to finances. An institution or program may seek the review of new financial information described in this section only once and any determination by the Commission made with respect to that review does not provide a basis for an appeal.

6. The Appeal Board may make the following decisions: to affirm, amend, or remand the adverse actions of the Commission. A decision to affirm, or amend the adverse action is implemented by the Commission. In a decision to remand the adverse action for further consideration, the Appeal Board will identify specific issues that the Commission must address. The Commission must act in a
manner consistent with the Appeal Board’s decisions or instructions.
7. No change in the accreditation status of the program will occur pending disposition of the appeal.
8. Within ten (10) days of the hearing, the applicant shall be notified by tracked electronic communication of the Appeal Board’s decision. The decision may be to sustain the decision of the Commission or to remand the matter back to the Commission for reconsideration. Notice shall include a statement of the specifics on which the decision is based.
9. The decision rendered by the Appeal Board shall be final and binding.
10. In the event the educational program does not file a timely appeal of the Board of Commissioner’s findings and decisions, the Board of Commissioner’s decision shall become final. The Commission’s notice of final adverse actions will be reported as described in the Commission’s Procedure For Disclosure Notice Of Adverse Actions.

In accord with due process measures, the Appeal Board will, when appropriate, review substantive procedural issues raised by the appellants. To this end, the Appeal Board is limited in its inquiry to the factual determinations up to the time of the Commission on Dental Accreditation’s decision regarding the status of the program at issue.

It is not proper for the Appeal Board to either receive or consider facts not previously presented to the Commission on Dental Accreditation since it does not sit as an initial reviewing body. Similarly, it is not the function of the Appeal Board to determine whether the facts, singularly or cumulatively, justify the decision of the Commission on Dental Accreditation unless it can be shown that the Commission’s decision was clearly against the manifest weight of the evidence. Further, the Appeal Board will not hear testimony relative to the reasonableness of previously determined requirements for accreditation since this is clearly outside the scope of authority of this reviewing body.

Revised: 2/23; 4/22; 2/21; 8/18; 8/16; 8/11, 1/03; Reaffirmed: 8/21; 8/10